## **Comparing Plant and Animal Cells**

Name:

Period:

For this exercise, you will be comparing plant and animal cells. You will be searching for organelles that they have in common, as well as for organelles that are specific to just one type of cell. You can use Chapter 4 of your textbook to help you.

Follow the color coding below. If you see a code on a diagram that is a letter and a number (like N2), ignore the number and just pay attention to the letter. Use the same color code for both diagrams. Be sure to color the key at the bottom of each diagram!

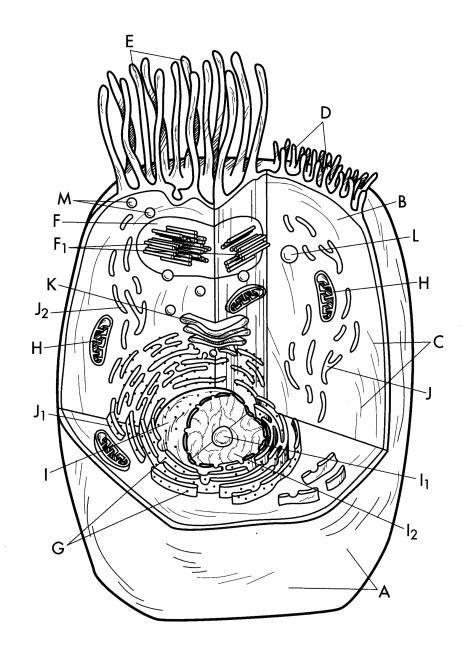
organelle	color	is it in plant cells?	is it in animal cells?
cell membrane	pink		
cell wall	light green		
chloroplast	green		
cytoplasm	gray		
endoplasmic reticulum	orange		
Golgi Body	purple		
lysosome	yellow		
mitochondrion	blue		
nucleus	red		
ribosome	brown		
vacuole	light blue		

The	is only found in plant cells
because plants need it to	
Thebecause plants need it to	is only found in plant cells
Thebecause plants need it to	is only found in plant cells

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## ANIMAL CELL

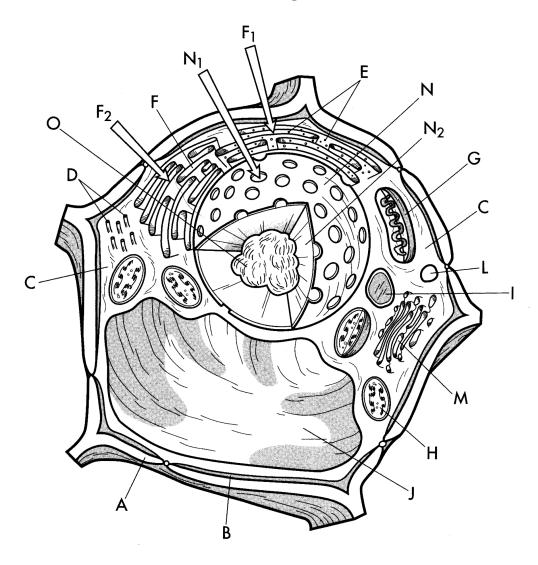


1		The Animal Cell				
	○ Cell MembraneA	$\bigcirc$ Centrioles $F_1$	O Endoplasmic ReticulumJ			
	○ Cytosol (Cytoplasm)B	○ RibosomesG	$\bigcirc$ Rough ERJ <sub>1</sub>			
	○ CytoskeletonC	○ MitochondrionH	○ Smooth ERJ <sub>2</sub>			
	○ MicrovilliD	O NucleusI	◯ Golgi BodyK			
	○ CiliaE	$\bigcirc$ Nucleolus	O LysosomeL			
ļ	○ CentrosomeF	O Nucleoplasm	O PeroxisomeM			

Name:

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## PLANT CELL



(	The Plant Cell			
O Cell WallA	$\bigcirc$ Rough ERF <sub>1</sub>	O LysosomeL		
O Cell MembraneB	O Smooth ERF <sub>2</sub>	◯ Golgi BodyM		
O CytoplasmC	○ MitochondrionG	O NucleusN		
O CytoskeletonD	○ ChloroplastH	O Nuclear PoreN <sub>1</sub>		
O RibosomesE	○ PlastidI	○ NucleoplasmN <sub>2</sub>		
O Endoplasmic ReticulumF	○ VacuoleJ	O Nucleolus0		
Necreatum		4		