



Delta Agricultural Credit Association, ACA

Quarterly Report
June 30, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following commentary reviews the consolidated financial condition and consolidated results of operations of Delta Agricultural Credit Association, ACA and its subsidiaries, Delta Agricultural Credit Association, FLCA and Delta Agricultural Credit Association, PCA. This discussion should be read in conjunction with both the unaudited consolidated financial information and related notes included in this Quarterly Report as well as Management's Discussion and Analysis included in our Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2020 (2020 Annual Report).

Due to the nature of our financial relationship with AgriBank, FCB (AgriBank), the financial condition and results of operations of AgriBank materially impact our members' investment. To request free copies of AgriBank financial reports or additional copies of our report, contact us at:

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NOTICE OF SIGNIFICANT OR MATERIAL EVENT

On July 1, 2021, our Board of Directors approved a preliminary resolution to proceed with a plan to voluntarily liquidate and dissolve the Association (the Plan). The Board of Directors has determined that it is in the best interests of Delta to wind up its affairs and voluntarily dissolve. In order for liquidation and dissolution to occur, the Plan must be approved by the FCA, AgriBank, and a majority of the Association's voting stockholders voting, in person or by written proxy, at a duly authorized stockholders meeting. Delta has commenced activities associated with obtaining such approvals over the upcoming months; however, the ultimate timing is uncertain and subject to multiple considerations.

FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

Any forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report are based on current expectations and are subject to uncertainty and changes in circumstances. Actual results may differ materially from expectations due to a number of risks and uncertainties. More information about these risks and uncertainties is contained in our 2020 Annual Report. We undertake no duty to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise.

COVID-19 PANDEMIC

As domestic public health measures have been implemented to limit the spread of the virus, including the availability of vaccines, many locations across the United States (U.S.) have been able to lift many or all restrictions. While the emergence of COVID-19 variants may negatively impact economic conditions, the overall economy continues to recover, and the outlook is positive for many sectors, including agriculture.

The extent to which the COVID-19 pandemic continues to impact the Association will depend on future developments that are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted. However, we have weathered the significant challenges presented to date. Our business continuity response has allowed us to continue to serve our mission, and a remote work environment allowed us to continue to maintain the health of our employees and operate without loss of key functions due to illness. We have not had any significant changes to internal controls over financial reporting due to working remotely.

AGRICULTURAL AND ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

Our territory is located in rural southeast Arkansas. Crop production and poultry production are the primary agricultural enterprises that influence our portfolio. The major stress in our territory is in field crop enterprises, which has been mitigated significantly by the current Farm Bill, Coronavirus Food Assistance Program payments, and recent commodity price increases. The current farm bill will provide support for local crop enterprises.

Corn, rice and soybean prices have recently received a boost from market forces, which should help field crop enterprises. During the second quarter, field crop commodities grown in the northern part of our territory suffered from flooding due to one unusual heavy rainfall event. Most of our portfolio was not heavily affected, but those that were affected have enough crop insurance or equity to overcome the financial loss of the event. We cannot identify any lender loss due to the flood. Overall our crop production portfolio has a potential for above average earnings.

The crop land rents, which are primarily shared rents, are stable. The predominant share is one quarter of all crops and government payments, or that equivalent, in cash rent. Although there is intermittent economic pressure in crop production, crop rents are still attractive to both land owners and investors (the majority of the farmland buyers).

Non-farm income has seen the greatest economic impact from the COVID-19 pandemic situation. A very small portion of our portfolio relies on non-farm income for repayment, and that portion has not significantly impacted our portfolio volumes.

Poultry production continues to show profitable margins; however, new grower contracts and new poultry facility construction has declined significantly from the peak seven years ago. This enterprise is a significant part of the Delta loan portfolio.

Beef cattle prices are adequate in comparison to the cost of production and the prices provide profitability for the average producer. Pine timber is the predominant forest product for our region. Due to an abundance of pine timber inventory, stumpage prices remain low. Although these enterprises are not a major part of our portfolio, they are an integral part of the economy in our upland territory.

The overall local field crops, livestock, poultry and timber economies remain sustainable. The effects of the COVID-19 pandemic has not weakened our region commerce. Our Farm Credit Association stockholders are experiencing a sustainable economic environment.

LOAN PORTFOLIO

Loan Portfolio

Total loans were \$42.7 million at June 30, 2021, an increase of \$2.2 million from December 31, 2020. The increase was primarily due to seasonal credit needs of borrowers with production and intermediate-term loans, which was partially offset by annual repayments on real estate mortgage loans.

Portfolio Credit Quality

The credit quality of our portfolio declined from December 31, 2020. Adversely classified loans increased to 1.7% of the portfolio at June 30, 2021, from 1.3% of the portfolio at December 31, 2020. Adversely classified loans are loans we have identified as showing some credit weakness outside our credit standards. We have considered portfolio credit quality in assessing the reasonableness of our allowance for loan losses.

In certain circumstances, government agency guarantee programs are used to reduce the risk of loss. At June 30, 2021, \$21.4 million of our loans were, substantially, guaranteed under these government programs.

Risk Assets

Components of Risk Assets

(dollars in thousands)	June 30,	December 31,
As of:	2021	2020
Loans:		
Nonaccrual	\$ --	\$ --
Accruing restructured	278	373
Accruing loans 90 days or more past due	--	--
Total risk loans	278	373
Other property owned	445	445
Total risk assets	\$ 723	\$ 818
Total risk loans as a percentage of total loans	0.6%	0.9%
Nonaccrual loans as a percentage of total loans	--	--
Current nonaccrual loans as a percentage of total nonaccrual loans	--	--
Total delinquencies as a percentage of total loans	--	0.2%

Note: Accruing loans include accrued interest receivable.

Our risk assets have decreased from December 31, 2020, and have remained at acceptable levels. Total risk loans as a percentage of total loans were well within our established risk management guidelines.

The accruing restructured loan balance consists of one loan in the production and intermediate-term loan category. The decrease in the loan balance is due to pay down on the loan during the second quarter of 2021.

The decrease in total delinquencies as a percentage of total loans was primarily due to due to an decrease in past due loans in our production and intermediate-term loan category.

Allowance for Loan Losses

The allowance for loan losses is an estimate of losses on loans inherent in our portfolio as of the financial statement date. We determine the appropriate level of allowance for loan losses based on periodic evaluation of factors such as loan loss history, estimated probability of default, estimated loss severity, portfolio quality, and current economic and environmental conditions.

Allowance Coverage Ratios

As of:	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Allowance as a percentage of:		
Loans	0.2%	0.2%
Total risk loans	27.3%	20.4%

In our opinion, the allowance for loan losses was reasonable in relation to the risk in our loan portfolio at June 30, 2021.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Profitability Information

(dollars in thousands)

For the six months ended June 30	2021	2020
Net (loss) income	\$ (43)	\$ 105
Return on average assets	(0.2%)	0.5%
Return on average members' equity	(0.9%)	2.1%

Changes presented in the profitability information chart relate directly to:

- Changes in income discussed in this section
- Changes in assets discussed in the Loan Portfolio section
- Changes in capital discussed in the Funding, Liquidity, and Capital section

Changes in Significant Components of Net (Loss) Income

(in thousands) For the six months ended June 30	2021	2020	Decrease in net (loss) income
Net interest income	\$ 675	\$ 711	\$ (36)
Non-interest income	100	116	(16)
Non-interest expense	816	722	(94)
Provision for income taxes	2	--	(2)
Net (loss) income	\$ (43)	\$ 105	\$ (148)

Non-Interest Income

The change in non-interest income was primarily due to patronage income. We may receive patronage from AgriBank and other Farm Credit Institutions. Patronage distributions from AgriBank and other Farm Credit Institutions are declared solely at the discretion of each institution's Board of Directors.

Patronage Income

(in thousands)

For the six months ended June 30	2021	2020
Patronage from AgriBank	\$ 84	\$ 96
Other patronage	4	--
Total patronage income	\$ 88	\$ 96

Patronage from AgriBank primarily includes wholesale patronage. All patronage distributions from AgriBank are in the form of either cash or AgriBank stock and determined based on actual financial results, projections, and long-term capital goals.

Non-Interest Expense

The change in non-interest expense was primarily related to increases in purchased services due to higher consulting fees during the six months ended June 30, 2021, compared to the same period of 2020.

FUNDING, LIQUIDITY, AND CAPITAL

We borrow from AgriBank, under a note payable, in the form of a line of credit. Our note payable matured on May 31, 2021, and was renewed for \$50.0 million with a maturity date of November 30, 2021. We intend to renegotiate the note payable no later than the maturity date. The repricing attributes of our line of credit generally correspond to the repricing attributes of our loan portfolio, which significantly reduces our market interest rate risk. Due to the cooperative structure of the Farm Credit System and as we are a stockholder of AgriBank, we expect this borrowing relationship to continue into the foreseeable future. Our other source of lendable funds is from equity.

The components of cost of funds associated with our note payable include:

- A marginal cost of debt component
- A spread component, which includes cost of servicing, cost of liquidity, and bank profit
- A risk premium component, if applicable

We were not subject to a risk premium at June 30, 2021, or December 31, 2020.

Total members' equity decreased \$45 thousand from December 31, 2020, primarily due to net loss for the period.

The Farm Credit Administration (FCA) Regulations require us to maintain minimums for our common equity tier 1, tier 1 capital, total capital, and permanent capital risk-based capital ratios. In addition, the FCA requires us to maintain minimums for our non-risk-adjusted ratios of tier 1 leverage and unallocated retained earnings and equivalents leverage. Refer to Note 6 in our 2020 Annual Report for a more complete description of these ratios.

Regulatory Capital Requirements and Ratios

As of:	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	Regulatory Minimums	Capital Conservation Buffer	Total
Risk-adjusted:					
Common equity tier 1 ratio	28.8%	26.8%	4.5%	2.5%	7.0%
Tier 1 capital ratio	28.8%	26.8%	6.0%	2.5%	8.5%
Total capital ratio	29.0%	27.0%	8.0%	2.5%	10.5%
Permanent capital ratio	30.2%	27.3%	7.0%	N/A	7.0%
Non-risk-adjusted:					
Tier 1 leverage ratio	21.3%	18.9%	4.0%	1.0%	5.0%
Unallocated retained earnings and equivalents leverage ratio	21.0%	18.7%	1.5%	N/A	1.5%

Capital ratios are directly impacted by the changes in capital, as more fully explained in this section, the changes in assets, as discussed in the Loan Portfolio section, and off-balance sheet commitments, as disclosed in Note 10 in our 2020 Annual Report.

CERTIFICATION

The undersigned have reviewed the June 30, 2021, Quarterly Report of Delta Agricultural Credit Association, ACA, which has been prepared under the oversight of the Audit Committee and in accordance with all applicable statutory or regulatory requirements. The information contained herein is true, accurate, and complete to the best of our knowledge and belief.



Mike Norris
Chairperson of the Board
Delta Agricultural Credit Association



Mark W. Kaufman
Chief Executive Officer
Delta Agricultural Credit Association



Mary Ann Johnson
Chief Financial Officer
Delta Agricultural Credit Association

August 9, 2021

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CONDITION

Delta Agricultural Credit Association

(in thousands)

(Unaudited)

As of:	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
ASSETS		
Loans	\$ 42,675	\$ 40,507
Allowance for loan losses	76	76
Net loans	42,599	40,431
Investment in AgriBank, FCB	1,300	1,300
Accrued interest receivable	523	604
Other property owned	445	445
Other assets	689	684
Total assets	\$ 45,556	\$ 43,464
LIABILITIES		
Note payable to AgriBank, FCB	\$ 34,094	\$ 32,933
Accrued interest payable	112	133
Patronage distribution payable	--	135
Other liabilities	1,314	182
Total liabilities	35,520	33,383
Contingencies and commitments (Note 3)		
MEMBERS' EQUITY		
Protected members' equity	7	7
Capital stock and participation certificates	148	150
Unallocated surplus	9,881	9,924
Total members' equity	10,036	10,081
Total liabilities and members' equity	\$ 45,556	\$ 43,464

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

Delta Agricultural Credit Association

(in thousands)

(Unaudited)

For the period ended June 30	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Interest income	\$ 469	\$ 571	\$ 899	\$ 1,110
Interest expense	112	193	224	399
Net interest income	357	378	675	711
Provision for loan losses	--	--	--	--
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	357	378	675	711
Non-interest income				
Patronage income	47	53	88	96
Financially related services income	1	1	1	1
Fee income	9	3	11	6
Allocated Insurance Reserve Accounts distribution	--	--	--	6
Other non-interest income	--	7	--	7
Total non-interest income	57	64	100	116
Non-interest expense				
Salaries and employee benefits	240	209	446	425
Other operating expense	202	145	363	297
Other non-interest expense	3	--	7	--
Total non-interest expense	445	354	816	722
(Loss) income before income taxes	(31)	88	(41)	105
Provision for income taxes	--	--	2	--
Net (loss) income	\$ (31)	\$ 88	\$ (43)	\$ 105

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN MEMBERS' EQUITY

Delta Agricultural Credit Association

(in thousands)

(Unaudited)

		Protected Members' Equity		Capital Stock and Participation Certificates		Unallocated Surplus		Total Members' Equity
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$	7	\$	155	\$	9,721	\$	9,883
Net income		--		--		105		105
Capital stock and participation certificates issued		--		8		--		8
Capital stock and participation certificates retired		--		(7)		--		(7)
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$	7	\$	156	\$	9,826	\$	9,989
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	7	\$	150	\$	9,924	\$	10,081
Net loss		--		--		(43)		(43)
Capital stock and participation certificates issued		--		5		--		5
Capital stock and participation certificates retired		--		(7)		--		(7)
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	7	\$	148	\$	9,881	\$	10,036

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1: ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Consolidated Financial Statements contain all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the interim Consolidated Statements of Condition and Consolidated Statements of Income. Our accounting and reporting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and the prevailing practices within the financial services industry. This interim Quarterly Report is prepared based upon statutory and regulatory requirements and in accordance with GAAP. However, certain disclosures required by GAAP are omitted. The results of the six months ended June 30, 2021, are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the year ending December 31, 2021. The interim financial statements and the related notes in this Quarterly Report should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and related notes included in our Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2020 (2020 Annual Report).

The Consolidated Financial Statements present the consolidated financial results of Delta Agricultural Credit Association, ACA and its subsidiaries Delta Agricultural Credit Association, FLCA and Delta Agricultural Credit Association, PCA. All material intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

Significant Accounting Policies

Effective March 2021, a change in accounting policy was elected to use the fair value method for calculating the market-related value of assets for the fixed-income pension assets. This change in accounting principle did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

There have been no other changes in our accounting policies as disclosed in our 2020 Annual Report, except as described in the Recently Issued or Adopted Accounting Pronouncements.

Recently Issued or Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

We have assessed the potential impact of accounting standards that have been issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) and have determined the following standards to be applicable to our business. While we are a nonpublic entity, our financial results are closely related to the performance of the combined Farm Credit System. Therefore, we typically adopt accounting pronouncements in alignment with other System institutions.

Standard and effective date	Description	Adoption status and financial statement impact
In March 2020, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2020-04 "Reference Rate Reform, Topic 848." In January 2021, the FASB issued ASU 2021-01 further amending Topic 848. This guidance may be elected and applied prospectively over time from March 12, 2020, through December 31, 2022, as reference rate reform activities occur.	The guidance provides optional expedients and exceptions for applying GAAP to contracts and other transactions affected by reference rate reform. The guidance simplifies the accounting evaluation of contract modifications that replace a reference rate affected by reference rate reform and contemporaneous modifications of other contract terms related to the replacement of the reference rate.	During March 2021, we adopted this standard. To date, the adoption of this standard has not had a material impact on our financial condition, results of operations, cash flows, and financial statement disclosures.
In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13 "Financial Instruments - Credit Losses." The guidance was originally effective for non-U.S. Securities Exchange Commission filers for our first quarter of 2021. In November 2019, the FASB issued ASU 2019-10 which amended the mandatory effective date for this guidance for certain institutions. We have determined we qualify for the deferral of the mandatory effective date. As a result of the change, the standard is effective for our first quarter of 2023 and early adoption is permitted.	The guidance replaces the current incurred loss impairment methodology with a methodology that reflects expected credit losses and requires consideration of a broader range of reasonable and supportable information to inform credit loss estimates. Credit losses relating to available-for-sale securities would also be recorded through an allowance for credit losses.	We expect to adopt the standard as of January 1, 2023. We are currently assessing the impact this guidance will have on our financial statements upon adoption, which will be impacted by the composition of our portfolio and asset quality at the adoption date, as well as economic conditions and forecasts at the time of adoption. We have reviewed the accounting standard, selected and substantially completed development and testing of our system, and are in the process of drafting disclosures. Significant implementation matters yet to be addressed include drafting of accounting policies and designing processes and controls. We are currently unable to estimate the impact on our financial statements.

NOTE 2: LOANS AND ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES**Loans by Type**

(dollars in thousands)

As of:	June 30, 2021		December 31, 2020	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
Real estate mortgage	\$ 25,721	60.3%	\$ 27,142	67.0%
Production and intermediate-term	16,954	39.7%	13,365	33.0%
Total	\$ 42,675	100.0%	\$ 40,507	100.0%

Delinquency**Aging Analysis of Loans**

(in thousands) As of June 30, 2021	30-89	Total	Not Past Due	Total
	Days Past Due	Past Due	or Less than 30 Days Past Due	
Real estate mortgage	\$ --	\$ --	\$ 25,976	\$ 25,976
Production and intermediate-term	--	--	17,222	17,222
Total	\$ --	\$ --	\$ 43,198	\$ 43,198

As of December 31, 2020	30-89	Total	Not Past Due	Total
	Days Past Due	Past Due	or Less than 30 Days Past Due	
Real estate mortgage	\$ 98	\$ 98	\$ 27,460	\$ 27,558
Production and intermediate-term	--	--	13,553	13,553
Total	\$ 98	\$ 98	\$ 41,013	\$ 41,111

Note: Accruing loans include accrued interest receivable.

There were no loans 90 days or more past due and still accruing interest at June 30, 2021, or December 31, 2020.

Risk Loans

Risk loans are loans for which it is probable that all principal and interest will not be collected according to the contractual terms.

Risk Loan Information

(in thousands) As of:	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Volume with specific allowance	\$ --	\$ --
Volume without specific allowance	278	373
Total risk loans	\$ 278	\$ 373
Total specific allowance	\$ --	\$ --
For the six months ended June 30	2021	2020
Income on accrual risk loans	\$ 11	\$ 5
Income on nonaccrual loans	--	--
Total income on risk loans	\$ 11	\$ 5
Average risk loans	\$ 343	\$ 472

Note: Accruing loans include accrued interest receivable.

We had \$504 thousand of commitments to lend additional money to borrowers whose loans were classified as risk loans at June 30, 2021.

Troubled Debt Restructurings (TDRs)

In situations where, for economic or legal reasons related to the borrower's financial difficulties, we grant a concession for other than an insignificant period of time to the borrower that we would not otherwise consider, the related loan is classified as a TDR, also known as a formally restructured loan for regulatory purposes. A concession is generally granted in order to minimize economic loss and avoid foreclosure. Concessions vary by program and borrower and may include interest rate reductions, term extensions, payment deferrals, or an acceptance of additional collateral in lieu of payments. In limited circumstances, principal may be forgiven. Loans classified as TDRs are considered risk loans. All risk loans are analyzed within our allowance for

loan losses. We record a specific allowance to reduce the carrying amount of the restructured loan to the lower of book value or net realizable value of collateral. There may be modifications made related to the COVID-19 pandemic or in the normal course of business that would not be considered TDRs.

There were no TDRs that occurred during the six months ended June 30, 2021, or 2020. In addition, there were no TDRs that defaulted during the six months ended June 30, 2021, or 2020 in which the modification was within twelve months of the respective reporting period.

TDRs outstanding in the production and intermediate-term loan category totaled \$278 thousand and \$373 thousand, all of which were in accrual status at June 30, 2021, and December 31, 2020, respectively.

Additional commitments to lend to borrowers whose loans have been modified in a TDR were \$504 thousand at June 30, 2021.

Allowance for Loan Losses

The allowance for loan losses was \$76 thousand and \$104 thousand at June 30, 2021 and 2020. There was no provision, recoveries, or charge-offs for the six months ended June 30, 2021, or 2020.

NOTE 3: CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

In the normal course of business, we have various contingent liabilities and commitments outstanding, primarily commitments to extend credit, which may not be reflected in the Consolidated Financial Statements. We do not anticipate any material losses because of these contingencies or commitments.

We may be named as a defendant in certain lawsuits or legal actions in the normal course of business. At the date of these Consolidated Financial Statements, our management team was not aware of any material actions. However, management cannot ensure that such actions or other contingencies will not arise in the future.

NOTE 4: FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability. Accounting guidance also establishes a fair value hierarchy, with three input levels that may be used to measure fair value. Refer to Note 2 in our 2020 Annual Report for a more complete description of the three input levels.

We did not have any assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at June 30, 2021, or December 31, 2020.

Non-Recurring Basis

We may be required, from time to time, to measure certain assets at fair value on a non-recurring basis.

Valuation Techniques

Other Property Owned: The fair value of other property owned was \$463 thousand at June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, which was valued using Level 3 inputs. This represents the fair value of foreclosed assets measured based on the collateral value, which is generally determined using appraisals, or other indications based on sales of similar properties. Costs to sell represent transaction costs and are not included as a component of the asset's fair value. If the process uses observable market-based information, they are classified as Level 2. If the process requires significant input based on management's knowledge of and judgment about current market conditions, specific issues relating to the property and other matters, they are classified as Level 3.

NOTE 5: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

We have evaluated subsequent events through August 9, 2021, which is the date the Consolidated Financial Statements were available to be issued.

On July 1, 2021, our Board of Directors approved a preliminary resolution to proceed with a plan to voluntarily liquidate and dissolve the Association (the Plan). The Board of Directors has determined that it is in the best interests of Delta to wind up its affairs and voluntarily dissolve. In order for liquidation and dissolution to occur, the Plan must be approved by the FCA, AgriBank, and a majority of the Association's voting stockholders voting, in person or by written proxy, at a duly authorized stockholders meeting. Delta has commenced activities associated with obtaining such approvals over the upcoming months; however, the ultimate timing is uncertain and subject to multiple considerations.

There have been no other material subsequent events that would require recognition in our Quarterly Report or disclosure in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.