



# Kingshurst Parish Council

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## KINGSHURST PARISH COUNCILS RESERVE POLICY

### 1. Introduction:

Kingshurst Parish Council is required to maintain adequate financial reserves to meet the needs of the organisation. The purpose of this policy is to set out how the Council will determine and review the level of reserves.

Section 50 of the Local Government Finance Act 1992 requires that billing and precepting authorities in England and Wales have regard to the level of reserves needed to meet estimated future expenditure when calculating the budget requirement.

In the publication - *Governance and Accountability for Local Councils – A Practitioners Guide (England) 2010*, section 2.26 refers: Earmarked reserves, which are set aside for specific purposes and for savings for future projects, should be realistic and approved by the Council. It is generally accepted that general (i.e. un-earmarked) revenue reserves usually lie within the range of three to twelve months of gross expenditure.

However, the amount of general reserve should be risk assessed by the Council

There is no specified minimum level of reserves that an authority should hold. It is the responsibility of the Responsible Financial Officer to advise the Council about the level of reserves and to ensure that there are procedures for their establishment and use.

The Council's policy on the establishment, maintenance and adequacy of reserves and balances will be considered annually.

### **The Council will hold reserves for three main purposes:**

- A working balance to help cushion the impact of uneven cash flows and avoid unnecessary temporary borrowing - this forms part of the general reserves
- A contingency to cushion the impact of unexpected events or emergencies – this also forms parts of general reserves
- A means of building up funds, often referred to as earmarked reserves, to meet known or predicted requirements; earmarked reserves are accounted for separately but remain legally part of the general fund.

### **2 General Fund:**

The general fund does not have any restrictions as to its use. These reserves can be used to smooth the impact of uneven cash flows and is also held in case of unexpected events or emergencies. The general fund balance is to be maintained at a minimum level of 6 months operational costs of the nett revenue expenditure, which may increase subject to an annual risk assessment carried out by the Responsible Financial Officer (RFO) when setting the budget for the forthcoming year. Any surplus in the reserve above the required balance may be used to fund capital expenditure, be appropriated to earmarked reserves or exceptionally used to limit any increase in the precept.

### **3 Financial Risk Management:**

In order to assess the adequacy of the general fund when setting the annual budget, the RFO will take account of the strategic, operational and financial risks facing the Council. The requirement of the level of the general fund balance for the forthcoming year will therefore be based upon a risk assessment of the Council's main areas of income and expenditure and take into account any provisions

The main items to be considered are:

Financial Risk Analysis of Risk	Analysis of Risk
Pay inflation is greater than budgeted	The cost of living increase is above the level allowed for in the estimates.
Contractual inflation is greater than budgeted	A general assumption is made when estimating the percentage increase on rates and utilities. This

	may increase above budgeted inflation. Professional and other services costs may increase above estimate.
Treasury Management income is not achieved	The actual interest rate realised is below the rate predicted at budget
All Income from fees and charges is lower than budgeted	That a decrease in revenue is realised from estimate
Contingent liabilities are realised	That the Council becomes liable to pay contingent liabilities

#### 4 Earmarked Reserves:

Earmarked reserves represent amounts that are generally built up over a period of time which are earmarked for specific items of expenditure to meet known or anticipated liabilities or projects. The 'setting aside' of funds to meet known future expenditure reduces the impact of meeting the full expenditure in one year. The Council, when establishing an earmarked reserve, will set out:

- The reason / purpose of the reserve - Renewals – to enable services to plan and finance an effective programme of vehicle, equipment and infrastructure replacement and planned property maintenance. These reserves are a mechanism to smooth expenditure so that a sensible replacement programme can be achieved without the need to vary budgets.
- Carry forward of underspend - some services commit expenditure to projects but cannot spend the budget in year. Reserves are used as a mechanism to carry forward these resources. Such use will be specifically authorised by the Council as part of the normal year-end procedures.
- Any decision to set up a reserve must be made by the Council.
- Expenditure from reserves can only be authorised by the Council but may be reflected in the budget for the subsequent year.
- Procedures for the management and control of the reserve; a process and timescale for review of the reserve to ensure continuing relevance and adequacy.
- Other earmarked reserves may be set up from time to time, throughout the financial year to meet known or predicted liabilities.

## **5 Current level of financial reserves:**

The level of financial reserves held by the council will be agreed by the Parish Council during the discussions held regarding the setting of the budget in January for the next financial year, and as far as practicable be retained consistently from year to year.

The level of general reserves to ultimately be held by the Parish Council is a minimum level of 6 months operational costs of the nett revenue expenditure.

Year: 21/22 22/23